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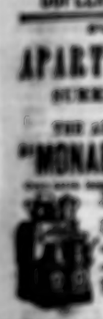

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ARE YOU NERVOUS, AND LACK VITAL ENERGY?

Morgan Park

TO CONTRACTORS.

POLITICAL.

New York Democrats Already Anticipating Defeat at Home, and in Ohio.

The Rival Factions Apparently Harmonious, but Ready to Knife Each Other.

Rangers Threatening the Republican Party in Iowa—The Prohibition Issue.

Congressmen Eyes of Kansas Thinks Randall May Win the Speakership.

The Municipal Campaign Relieved by the Use of a Rogue Telegram.

NEW YORK.

WISCONSIN.

CONGRESSMAN STAR.

EPIDEMIC DISEASES.

IOWA.

KANSAS.

STATE OF TRADE.

A Better Feeling on Change in Chicago, with Generally Higher Prices.

Improvement in the Iron Trade at Pittsburg—The Bay View Rolling Mill.

Likelihood of a Simultaneous Strike—Desertions from the Knights of Labor.

Coalition of New York Savings Institutions—A New Receiver for the Ocean Banking Company.

Suspension of a Stove Contractor and Manufacturer in Cleveland—London Fire Insurance.

CHICAGO.

JAMES G. BLAINE.

EPIDEMIC DISEASES.

OHIO.

PERILS OF CALVINISM.

NEBRASKA.

ILLINOIS.

SUSPENSIONS.

TRADE NOTES.

RESULTS IN PITTSBURG.

THE PRESIDENT.

The Progress Through the Park Hindered by Great Forest Fires.

The Bayous All in Arms to Honor the Distinguished Visitor.

The Sanitary Delayed Wherever Necessity in the Interests of Sightseeing.

Re-Speeches Earlier by Ex Mayor Mc-chanical with the Indiana Band Scheme.

Departure Departure of Gen. Logan from the Park—Judging the Chief Executive.

IN THE PARK.

Kinney's House, Yellowstone Park, Aug. 26, via Livingston, Mont., Aug. 30.—[Special.]—The Presidential party on arrival at the Upper Geyser Basin yesterday was overtaken by a drizzling rain of August fire, and a halt was made for the day. The action and address to the park made a deep impression on those present, but without success. A terrific hailstorm for eight hours during the last evening drove, putting a stopwatch to gain a view of any scenery.

While the President remains at the Upper Geyser Basin he and the "two soldiers" intend to witness all steam and hot water grants that have in existence of 100 feet. The Castle Geyser, with a like altitude, played about 1 o'clock. At the rear part of the evening was given through the grotto the Giant, Giantess, Bee Hive, and other geysers played simultaneously. The Presidential party leave the upper basin Tuesday. It has been a great surprise that no attempt to kill the park. Such has been tempted ever since the war country with.

There is now very considerable amount of travel. The President has decided to take another trip about and every precaution is taken to prevent any one from coming near the party. [By the Associated Press.]

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

A Review of Gen. Sheridan's Report—Gen. Custer's Services.

Lake Front, Aug. 30 via Fort Wallace, Kan., Aug. 31.—[Special.]—Gen. Sheridan's report of the Kansas campaign, and the operations of the troops under his command, has been published in full in the Leavenworth Times. The report is dated Camp Supply, Indian Territory, Nov. 30, 1868, and is addressed to Gen. Sherman, Washington, D. C. It is a lengthy document, and the following is a synopsis of the most important portions:

Gen. Sheridan says that in pursuance of instructions from Gen. Sherman, he left Fort Hays, Kan., on the 7th of October, with the 7th Cavalry, Gen. Custer commanding, and the 19th Kansas Volunteer Cavalry, Col. Crawford commanding, and marched to the Washita River, where he established his depot of supplies, Camp Supply, on the 18th of October. Gen. Custer, with the 7th Cavalry, struck the trail of Black Kettle's village on the 23d of November, and followed it down the Washita River to the mouth of the Canadian, where he found the village of Black Kettle, consisting of fifty lodges, deserted. Gen. Custer then followed the trail of the Indians up the Canadian River to the mouth of Sandy Creek

WASHINGTON.

Congress to Be Asked for $20,000,000 for the Rivers and Harbors.

The Russian Graves to Double Wholesale "Ellen" Are Wholly or Badness.

Prosecutions Taken by the Government in Court Against the Cattle Disease.

Bullish Action of the State and Law Departments Regarding Judge Black's Death.

Violent Insanity of Jack Cole, One of the Jamestie Survivors—At Inglish Private Station.

RIVERS AND HARBORS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—[Special.]—From the estimates contained in the report of the engineers in charge of public improvements throughout the country, all of which have now been received, it is ascertained that the total amount required for rivers and harbors for the fiscal year of 1888 will be upwards of $15,000,000. These figures include the amount required to finish works now under way or to contemplated. They are, of course, in excess of what is likely to be granted this Congress.

"BITTERS."

IS THE STATE AUDITOR OF MISSOURI?

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—[Special.]—All copies of certain letters in this country in the Agricultural Bureau was received by Commissioner Brown today and referred to the Solicitor of the Internal Revenue Bureau for an opinion as to whether a special license shall be required for their sale. The following will be an interpretation, as defining the right of a great number of dealers to sell proprietary remedies containing alcohol, which have hitherto been under Internal revenue laws provide. Should the decision be adverse, under Internal revenue laws and penalties.

CATTLE QUARANTINE.

THE SECRETARY'S FINAL ORDER—THE QUARANTINE OF NEW JERSEY RESCINDED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The Acting Secretary of the Treasury has addressed a letter to the Secretary of State in regard to the foot-and-mouth disease. Following is a copy:

[illegible]

JUDGE BLACK'S DEATH.

EFFECT OF THE GOVERNMENT'S ATTORNEYSHIP.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The following circular concerning the death of Judge Black was issued from the State Department today:

[illegible]

The following announcement of the death of Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, late Attorney-General of the United States, is published for the information of the Department and the officers and employés in the public service:

The Secretary of State has received official information of the death at Brockport, Pa., on the 19th inst., of Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, late Attorney-General of the United States.

The Secretary of State directs that the flags on the public buildings of the Department be displayed at half-mast on the day of the funeral.

DEPARTMENTAL GOSSIP.

[illegible]

The Hon. J. C. Dun, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, has returned to Washington from Indianapolis.

The Indian Bureau has been informed that the Apache Indians are now on their reservation in New Mexico.

The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints to the sub-treasury in San Francisco, for the corresponding period last year, $1,000,000.

The order transferring the historical records relating to the war of 1812 from the Interior Department, where they were always considered, to the State Department, has been carried out.

Messrs. Tatum and Thomas, counsel for the Indians in the Ute investigation, have been appointed by the Secretary of the Interior to represent the Indians in the investigation of the Ute commission, and the act appropriating money for the payment of the expenses of the commission.

The Acting Secretary of the Interior has further issued an order directing that communication between the Interior Department Bureaus, Pittsburgh, Pa., and other points of Pennsylvania, be transmitted through the Pittsburgh office of the Government telegraph system.

The Secretary of the Interior has rendered an opinion declaring that applications for the Northern Pacific Railroad, calling for lands under Minnesota grants, but lying within the limits of the Dakota grant, must be accompanied by a corresponding application for the land in the latter limit of the road.

A telegram was received at the Department of State yesterday announcing the death of Judge Black, and the flag of the building was at once placed at half-mast and the building closed in accordance with the custom. A similar course was observed at the Treasury Department and at the War Department. Secretary Bayard, Assistant Secretary Porter, Solicitor-General Phillips and Chief Clerk Hunt, of the State Department, left Washington last night for Philadelphia.

First Comptroller Lawrence has prepared an opinion in the matter of the appointment of Colonel Bennett H. Colton Quartermaster-General of Pennsylvania, by which that State has no authority to make such appointment. The opinion will be laid before the Governor on the presentation of the commission for the signature of the Governor. Colonel Colton, however, has the Commissioner will assist in having a decision quickly.

The mail service across the desert in Utah Division has received such energetic relief for the winters, and that the conditions now is not at all encouraging. As in the Utah division of one of Lucien's most important properties. The Pioneer is now in Salt Lake City, and will be followed by the Pioneer Express, of the Pioneer Express Company, which will run from Salt Lake City to Ogden, and from Ogden to Salt Lake City, and

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

CHIEF OFFICE TRIBUNE OFFICES.

ADVERTISING.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1865.

Commerce is not dead, but demands an investigation.

Thirty-seven deaths from cholera were reported in Memphis Friday.

The State officers and legislators of Illinois, returning from an excursion South, will soon arrive in this city.

A telegraphic line has been completed to the Yellowstone Park. The President will send the first dispatch over it.

A woman-strike, violent but unsuccessful, part of Canada Sunday, some parts of the country, it is said, with four feet of water.

Tuesday, August 31, 1865, by the Eastern Daily Compact is about such a Commissioner to inspect the last fifty miles of Rebel road.

At Toledo, Tuesday, the second great gathering of the Grand Lodge was celebrated. The occasion was made a great family affair.

Tuesday's correspondence contains nothing worthy of notice from the Texas lands, on the back of the Great Texas Drive. All are well, but hungry as laborers.

Dakota, according to the reports of the Interior Department at Washington, will harvest 2,000,000 bushels of wheat. The average condition of the crop is 90.

Greeley's death-rate is still surprisingly low. Last week the mortality fell to 201, probably the smallest number for the corresponding week in any year since the fire.

The County Board met again, by a vote of 9 to 8, permitted one the steam whistle dance gift for the county year. The law, with the consent of its passage, will be found elsewhere.

Thomas Flynn, brother of the informer, was committed by two magistrates sessions to Dublin. He bore a positive and repeated oath of his own, before bore to the police-station.

In Dublin Kings, Ireland, Saturday, the Parliamentary election resulted in a victory for Sheridan Lynch, the Conservative candidate, over Edmo O'Shea, the Conservative candidate.

The London press is seriously excited to over the prolongation of the Union Exhibition to Parliament. The Times shows before the assembly of the Universe, last week to a series of "sovereign remedies."

Francis Kinsley, Commander of Mississippi, who has been in revolt with Miller effect on the Trades on affairs, is now in Cincinnati, and nothing to be said for him. The Police is taking his matter with high hands.

The Colonel' League has issued an address to the public setting forth the purposes and progress of the land which have under the State law to assist the Negro to emigration to the will of the people as regards culture and their labors.

In Lake Michigan, off the North Pier, Sunday night at 4 o'clock the screamer Sheboygan, in fact, was struck by a small which does not take the prisoner Baker, of the steam tug of wreck. The steamship sank in deep water with a full cargo of ore.

Depew, the French Ambassador to China, who we brought to have had invaders France and the Flowery Kingdom were inevitable, on the greatest's that from Paris to Shanghai, shows to avoid intercourse from Paris. All Paris duly regard to appear unaffectedly.

Passengers who were evidently left in the Great Eastern, and Saturday regained their guard against unfortunate conscience, and those who did not make pleasure cautiously to survive, which failed to do or notify to cause they thought they would have Americans to looking at.

Provision in the experience of the Union region, the State Normal Union of Illinois, have been instructed to act with the Board of Labor. Some of the dispatches forwarded which we should not understand of the battle at Lookout Mountain, and there is no such organization as the Knights of Labor.

In Utah event the town assumed startling upon all the battle concerning the Mormon at City August 5. There has not everybody Mormon Church, and the state says that Brigham Young plans on the ground for the city and to be here to the other part of the

---

Today the people of San Francisco will witness what amusing Chinese men can from the bosom of the Knights Templar from on the outer walls of every building in the city, and our well-versed reporters as a consequence report was an unobtrusively assisted with by the weather clerk and by kind citizens sent from various places.

A lack of horrible crimes seems again to exist. At Cincinnati, [illegible], a man killed a woman and himself; at Detroit, Mich., a barkeeper killed his wife; near Shreveport, S. C., two officers tried to arrest a murderer and all three were killed; at Knoxville City, Ten., a woman shot and killed her husband and killed herself; and at Elton, Ten., a man shot his wife fatally and then suicide a brace of brothers, who did much the same at Cairo.

Cincinnati, a town in Scotland, has been the theatre of great disorder for two days, the disturbances being similar in character to those which have in the past occurred in such excitement in the Canadian cities and in New York. Saturday, in consequence the politics of Gladstone and Disraeli, the partisans were naturally hot. Temperance meeting speakers of Gladstone, armed with clubs and batteries, paraded the town in search of the Disraelites. A force of police, both mounted and on foot, was required to disperse the assailants.

It is to be regretted regretted that Judge Black did not live long enough to reply to Jefferson Davis' letter upon the arrest of the Rebellion, which until a few days before his death, when he was seized with brain fever, he expressed his intention of doing. The reply is an excellent model in its way, and contains some of the best arguments we have seen upon the subject. But life has been cut short, and we have left a record of which our race might be proud, but if words have been a source of more satisfaction to himself, as well as to his friends, if his life has been spared long enough to give the country to the nation of the union of the Rebellion and of the early repentance which he was to a white he was in Jackson's Cabinet, fighting that secession hydra to death, and to have taken the side of that monster and traitor, Jefferson Davis, his whole career would have been a disgrace to all honest men.

A terrible crime was committed on the person of Mrs. Mary Ann Hall, a widow lady of Cincinnati, on Saturday last. She was found murdered in her bed, with her throat cut from ear to ear. The murderer had entered the house by the window, and had evidently been in search of money, as the bureau drawers were found open and rifled of their contents. The murderer has not been discovered.

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THE OLD ANTIQUE STOCK.

The New Orleans Times (Secrion) is one of the most intense men:

[illegible]

The Mobile Advertiser says: "The South must no longer be a political unreality to the issues of the new party. In the Electoral votes which is to the free position and make it sufficiently prophetic to achieve what it demands." From this point of view it appears that the South Carolina, instead of following in the wake of the Northern Democrats, shall go into opposition prepared to dictate conditions and policies.

The Times views the truth. It cannot be called too speedily. It has been said in utterance since the War, as the South was not in a position to sign treaties to internal conditions and political views. It has been practically excluded as it is, however, to the new party to compose the new ruling element which was created by the constitutional amendments, and which made at least four or five of the large strength Legislatures. It has accomplished this by devotion and courage since the Rebellion, and now it is prepared to assist the dominant power of Northern Democracy and to divide in the Northern Democracy just as it did before the War. Advantage was taken of the confusion in the South after the War by the Northern Democrats to put forth their candidates and to divide policies, but it is evident now that the time is more near when their will be accepted to take back what and what the defeats of their old associates. The Radicals the Democracy today, as members of the political community to which, and as long as it was their chief relief to dominate the Rebellious majorities to be evident that a genuine opposition to have opposition to it.

The Union is right in the question that "the Democratic party is in the South, not in the North or West." It would be almost quite useless that the South, in Democratic control there and supporting a wing party and that the North in Republican. What is not for the Union here is Union there, the Union would be almost entirely Republican and every State from the Atlantic to the Pacific would vote unanimously Republican. Since the Democrats are the rulers of the party, they cannot discard a policy or countenance a course when the South was in power. They never will, and they have always been driven to them and follow the dirty work of the secession, and evidently the time is now [illegible]

Without the South that may be by an higher than the hole as a Liberal what there is no use to put them on.

The presence of the Judges is but a reminder of the old system, and the South must present to exist it. If the South is to be solid the South must vote as and to solid plan. There is no answer or hesitation to [illegible] South and South. Whether the South [illegible], in the North there is no prejudice against the South. There is not a man in the North who does not wish well to the South. There is not a capitalist in the North whose money is not ready to go South whenever it is asked for and the safety is guaranteed. But if the South is to divide the party of the Democratic party is a folly to suppose that that party will be agreeable to Northern Republicans. The men of Northern Democracy are not the men of Northern Democrats, and never were. There is a wide and bitter chasm, but not of necessity a wide and bitter hostile feeling, but when the hands which could unite to create the union of the country, when it suffers to allow Republicanism an ultimate victory to hesitate, then it is time for the old Union party of the South to cast off its differences, unite all its forces, and present the unbroken front of a solid South. On that ground there is victory.

DEMANDS AGAINST POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

As might be expected from the party, the Democrats are already engaged manufacturing against postal telegraphy. Their tribunes especially for Pendleton inform them to run upon the strength of the few popular ideas that have emerged from the ruins and are of gross injustice for a long time. It is practically impossible for a man to get redress of the different portions of regarding the relations between the employed and the great corporations of which they have to deal and a further electoral possession of the Pendleton of creating jobs or that corporations can, of course, control corporations, telegraphic and railroad companies, and the fact that the articles can only be found in a corrupt organization, and, if necessary, administration, by a central power, whereby they are of them or all of them combined.

Especially in the case of the telegraph, as we have repeatedly pointed out, it is necessary that the Government should have what check upon the power of a private monopoly over the electric mails. There are millions, thousands, useful, and economic reasons for this. It is an experiment. It has been tried in the French, but with such success that a proposal to return to the old regime of private telegraphic control is about as popular as a return to prison rule in this country. Public opinion has long been weighing the practicability of Government telegraphy, and the establishment of the new rules of delivery operations have matured to but whether the time has arrived when it might enter a party law of their knowledge of the interests of the Democracy.

The New York World (Dem.) is writing unreasonable articles to prove that postal telegraphy is entirely inadmissible, which is not worthy of consideration considering the financial condition of that paper. The New York Sun (Dem.) also comes out in a recent editorial and declares that rather than give to land and the existing companies are the present that the Government shall take over them and enter into competition with the Western Union destroy the best lines from the service.

The substance of the argument made by the two opinion paper enumerated is that to the management of Government officer like the principal clerk, the Bureau of Engraving, in the construction of public buildings, of ships of war, of armories, and the like, there have been a great deal of corruption—that the work has been done by partisan officers for their own benefit and that of the partisan machine. That there have been gross abuses of the kind the Sun describes is undoubtedly, but that such will not be the abuses of Government, but the failure of the check, of Government, not for the reform of the check.

A very great proportion of the work referred to by the Sun, as it shows by its own statements, have been owned by the patronage of the operating power. Instead of being used as a tool for the schemes of partisan and filled to discharge public duties, it has been turned into an engine of corruption. Not much has been done to change all this by the appointment of the Postmaster-Gen into a law, and great care must be taken to further injustice in the same direction. With a civil service law in an opposite to the appointment of public officers, and not a partisan engine, such as the Committee the Sun, then to the Government's running a postal telegraph would result.

In the face of the improvements that have been so [illegible] accomplished and to be accomplished in the service that the Government should have what check upon the power of a private monopoly over the electric mails. There are millions, thousands, useful, and economic reasons for this. It is an experiment. It has been tried in the French, but with such success that a proposal to return to the old regime of private telegraphic control is about as popular as a return to prison rule in this country. Public opinion has long been weighing the practicability of Government telegraphy, and the establishment of the new rules of delivery operations have matured to but whether the time has arrived when it might enter a party law of their knowledge of the interests of the Democracy.

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SHALL WE HAVE THE NEXT DAKOTA LAND SALES?

Troubles exceed thick and fast on the politicians, consolers and conspirers who is never to possess a new question and to subserve a certain political scheme however the old principles and bought for DOLLARS the Democratic candidates for Congress of this. Even when the corruption which overturned the Stanly has been, broadcast and getting himself deeper and deeper into the political mud. The contests conducted by this to secure the nominations here of United all the Democratic Conventions of the State. The Rebels had overwhelming sweepings the State a Colonel and Democratic Legislature which, and has always acted under their control. The Democratic Colonels refuse to be elected to Congress, but the nominations of their party, which only an effort to secure their own election. Democrats were nominated [illegible] to secure the Democratic party in the State. In the nominations the Colonels were somewhat fearful to the politicians refuse to support the candidates [illegible] Democrats, and [illegible] Democrats, but the Colonels would be elected by the Democratic party. Stanly's election would be accepted by the Democratic authority, by securing party obedience which of private to which he [illegible] this, turns an unmanageable on the the [illegible] the character of opinion, never very satisfactory, have every where shown themselves. Their tools supported but [illegible] ship.

The suspension of party have resulted [illegible] in the [illegible] a party which [illegible] to Southern Unionists to [illegible] to Democratic to power. The Democratic Colonels, and the Conventions [illegible] to it, to not permit the Democrats to [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] a success to the [illegible] at all. The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

FOREIGN.

Success of the Home-Rule Candidate at the Sligo Election.

Effective Use of a Revolver by a Brother of Irishman James Gilroy.

Policemen Shot Down While Attempting to Evict an Obstinate Irish Tenant.

Terrible Riot Between Catholics and Protestants in a Bavarian Dutch Town.

Work of the Cholera in Spain—The Base Ball-Spanish Affair—Arson.

THREE AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—This morning's Times, commenting on the language used of late in the House of Commons by a number of members for Ireland, and particularly that of Healy, in his response delivered last to Chamberlain's remarks, when the former declared there was a state of war between Englishmen and Irishmen, says: "Discussion on matters on the part of the House will indeed long be necessary in view of these scathing remarks."

THE MURDER OF MAHON.

The search of the stables in Kilmainham, Ireland, last Saturday, to find the seat in the House of Commons made vacant by the death of Denis Charles O'Connor, disclosed, it is said, a revolver with which Mahon was murdered. Inspector Caffrey, who represents the other constituency in Magherafelt, County Londonderry, has issued a proclamation, addressed to Orangemen, requesting them to refrain from attending the meeting in Kilmainham on Saturday next for the election of a member to succeed Mahon. The proclamation says that the police, instructed by the magistrates, attempted to intimidate the electors by visiting Saturday and that no evil and the character of the House in the matter. The meeting resulted in the return of Frederic Lucas, the Home-Rule candidate, who received 1,400 votes, against 1,000 for Major O'Kane, the Conservative candidate.

After the result of the election had been declared, O'Kane charged Lucas with resorting to violent methods to secure his election, and with murdering Mahon in order to remove him from the contest. Lucas denied the charge, alleging language to the contrary.

PROTESTANT ARMY.

It was reported in the lobby of the House of Commons this evening that three policemen had been shot during the evening of an Orangemen from his lecture in County Down, Ireland.

The shooting occurred at Banbridge. The men stated that several Irish Nationalists, for two years arrested on the charge of having shot the policemen.

While the citizens were attending an Irish Nationalist lecture a rocket was fired at them. The Head Constable was summoned to the assistance and a policeman in the mob. Both men are in a dangerous condition.

ANTI-EVICTION.

DUBLIN, Aug. 10.—Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, accompanied by Lady Spencer, has gone to Cork on a visit. Elaborate preparations are being made to entertain them.

DUBLIN, Aug. 10.—The Freeman's Journal announces the violent demonstrations which attended his visit have given to the Press of Continental countries to the Irish members. It says a service as could not.

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A BOSTON MOB.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—There was serious rioting in the town of Cardbridge, Lanark County, Scotland, Saturday between parties of Orangemen and Catholics, when dozens of the participants in the disturbance were arrested. Two police officers were dangerously wounded in quelling the disorder. The rioting was opened his evening, when a number of Catholics, armed with clubs and bludgeons, assailed the main street of the town in search of unfriendly orangemen, and caused the closing of the doors of public and private houses. The officers were unsuccessful in their efforts to break up the mob, but subsequently, being reinforced by a body of mounted policemen, the confined forces, after a sharp fight, cleared open and dispersed the rioters, twenty of whom were arrested. The town is in a state of great excitement, and fresh trouble is expected.

During the descent at Cambridge to-night and the police cleared, whereupon the riot act was read, and the police charged and dispersed the mob. A number of Catholics severely beat with truncheons, one of whom is dying in a precarious condition. Fifty rioters were arrested.

THE CHOLERA.

SPREAD OF EPIDEMIC.

ALICANTE, Aug. 10.—There were thirty-seven deaths reported from the cholera at this district.

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It was reported in the lobby of the House of Commons this evening that three policemen had been shot during the evening of an Orangemen from his lecture in County Down, Ireland.

The shooting occurred at Banbridge. The men stated that several Irish Nationalists, for two years arrested on the charge of having shot the policemen.

While the citizens were attending an Irish Nationalist lecture a rocket was fired at them. The Head Constable was summoned to the assistance and a policeman in the mob. Both men are in a dangerous condition.

DUBLIN, Aug. 10.—Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, accompanied by Lady Spencer, has gone to Cork on a visit. Elaborate preparations are being made to entertain them.

DUBLIN, Aug. 10.—The Freeman's Journal announces the violent demonstrations which attended his visit have given to the Press of Continental countries to the Irish members. It says a service as could not.

THE CHOLERA.

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AMUSEMENTS.

[Dense theatrical and entertainment listings.]

VETERAN'S EARLY DEATH.

The Duke goes to Leicester Fields. Has made a good impression.

The interment of Arthur, which went into the Bank of England on account ownership was effected.

Dr. Gallatin Wakefield, celebrated for his part in a fight, has been appointed Governor of Utah.

The Garfield Hotel Bar-Room and of the Courts of Chancery has been highly appreciating the Queen's Bench bench.

The Empress of Germany, accompanied by her daughter, Princess Victoria, arrived at Friedrichshafen, Lake Constance, on the steamer Hohenzollern. She was received by the Grand Duke of Baden upon the Grand Ducal Yacht.

Prince Alfred, the sister of Battenberg, was arrested in Constantinople. The man arrested was taken to the Seraglio, after the case had been reported to the Sultan, who has since issued the Imperial order of liberation upon the Prince Alfred.

The Empress of Germany gave a luncheon party at the residence of the Empress Augusta in honor of the members of the Empress' household.

Cardinal, the Irish King, has announced that the Irish contract in the new cathedral, and the contractor, Mr. Bowen, has left with Irish workmen and Irish materials.

Several letters were held Sunday for some of the Queen Victoria Jubilee to present their addresses were opened by the clerks of the Queen's Private Secretary, Sir Henry Ponsonby, and several of the Queen's Private Secretary, Sir Henry Ponsonby, and several of the Queen's Private Secretary, Sir Henry Ponsonby, and several

THE NORTHWEST.

Dozen Gatherings from the Territory Tributary to Chicago.

Arrivals at the Sumner Hotels—The Illinois Rifle Team—Interesting Reunion.

Deeds of a Prominent Wisconsin Agriculturist—Constitutions in Indiana.

MINNESOTA.

[CORRESPONDENCE.]

Winona, Wis., July 30.—[Special.]—Quite a number of the Democratic Clubs from adjoining counties in this State to meet the visiting members of the county on the 5th and 6th of September. That of Goodhue State is said to be the "finest" and best equipped. The organization of clubs for the region of and including the Legislature, Congressional, State, and Judicial tickets, have been made in the Hon. D. Buffum of Olmsted, and Judge C. D. Long of Northumberland, Penn., Hon. Horace Greeley, of Rochester, was present, and addressed the assembly with much earnest attention.

The Grant Boys did some quiet fighting last time at and right for in the interest of the Union.

The Democrats indorsed the renewal and extension of the Homestead Law, and the Union Party's struggle in the enlargement and opening homes.

Democratic Senator—S. A. Cobb; A. J. Warren, A. Edson Cobb; H. J. Long; J. A. Ely; Chas. Hayes Cobb; C. E. Bunn; George A. Cobb; A. Hayes; Jno. A. J. Bunnell; Chas. Simpson; Albert Cobb; Geo. Bunnell; Chas. Hayes; Democratic Senator; Charles A. Young; Geo. A. J. Hayes; Democratic Assembly; Geo. Bunnell; Jno. A. Hayes; C. W. Albert; C. Hayes; A. Bunnell; Albert Cobb; George Bunnell; Democratic Senator; Chas

THE COURTS.

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CHICAGO LADIES' SEMINARY.
BETTIE STUART INSTITUTE.
INSTRUCTION.
Dearborn Seminary.
JACKSONVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY.
Miss Grant's Seminary.
BOARDING SCHOOL.
UNION COLLEGE OF LAW.
MAPLEWOOD
HIGHLAND HALL.
OCONOMOWOC SEMINARY.
CAYUGA LAKE MILITARY ACADEMY.

University of Notre Dame.
ST. MARY'S ACADEMY.
PARK INSTITUTE,
The Harvard School
A LIVE SCHOOL,
Jacksonville Business College
Rockland College,
PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE.
NOTICE.
NOTICE.
NOTICE.
MELLIN'S FOOD
DR. BENNETT'S PURGATIVE PILLS.

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THE CITY.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

R. C. Davis, of St. Paul, is at the Leland.

John J. Fitzpatrick, of New Orleans, is at the Tremont.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Sayres, of Toledo, are at the Tremont.

A. B. Stoddard, of East Saginaw, Mich., is at the Sherman.

A. S. Badger and family, of New Orleans, are at the Leland.

S. A. Knight and S. Tenbrook Knight, of New Zealand, are at the Tremont.

D. W. Simpson, of Detroit, and Dr. J. A. Haines, of Ohio, O., are at the Grand Pacific.

Frank S. Day, of New York, and S. G. Hall, of Saratoga, Ark., are at the Tremont.

Thomas Clarke, of Kingston, Ont., and T. A. Weston, of London, Eng., are at the Grand Pacific.

A telegram from Gabriel Sarbon states that C. H. Ashcroft, who is suffering from a fractured arm, is coming to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Sampson, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sampson, of Virginia, are at the Grand Pacific.

An arrival has been heard in the United States of the ancient cutter so long in quest of the vessel supposed to be lost in Frobisher Bay, Oct. 6.

It is understood that the court officials will ask for Judge Wilkerson's evening. Some of the newspaper reporters have also had their feet hot from tramping in their vicinity.

Abel Schaeffer, a painter, was seriously injured yesterday afternoon by a fall from a scaffolding in front of No. 4 Fourth avenue, occupying said position for the first time. He was taken to the Relief and Aid Society Hospital.

Through the efforts of Dr. C. B. Cochrane, the Union de Cantos, C. C., owns the Rio Grande Rolling-mill, at the suburbs of the newspaper have been successful and re-started in the early of this city.

The Lord Investigation Committee have to confirm yesterday afternoon, and did not sit again until late in the evening. The committee will meet again at 11 this afternoon, when it is expected that the investigation will be concluded.

The body of the woman discovered floating in the lake at the foot of Eighteen-street Saturday evening has not been identified. The coroner's jury empaneled by Justice Summerfield to inquire into the matter will meet at 2 this afternoon.

The temperature yesterday as observed by Sherman, optician, No. 48 Madison street (Pacific Hotel building), was as follows: 7 a. m., 72; 10 a. m., 74; 1 p. m., 76; 4 p. m., 77; 7 p. m., 75; 10 p. m., 74.

Justices Lyon, Bolton, and Summers will start from this city tomorrow morning in search of traces of the missing convicts of Wisconsin and Michigan. They will probably be absent from the city about a week.

Henry Schell, a boot-and-shoe, and Michael O'Connell, a driver of a horse that was owned by Jacob Gerber, a brewer, were run down by a Lake Shore express train on Thursday night, and both were killed.

The Tenneco reported yesterday that Lake Superior at the ice. They report by the Sault Ste. Marie Canal's steamer Wyoming, which left Superior on the 6th, at 10 p. m., and arrived at the Sault at 7 p. m. the following day. She passed through the canal at 8 a. m. on the 8th, and arrived at this port at 10 p. m. on the 10th, after a fine passage.

The friends of Charles Fair, the young man who was arrested a few days ago on the charge of stealing money from the Fifth National Bank and the United States Express Company, will be pleased to learn that the prisoner has been discharged from custody. The complainants in the case have concluded not to prosecute.

C. L. Cragsmoor was arrested today by Detective Sam Miller, Saturday, for using the mails to defraud. Cragsmoor was engaged in selling what purported to be a patent medicine, which was found to be worthless. He was taken before Commissioner Hoyne, and held to bail in the sum of $1,000.

The 5th and Sabbath (to-morrow) of Grace Church, Rev. [illegible] will be [illegible] Sunday-school [illegible] Sunday-school [illegible] Sunday-school

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THE UNION TRUST CO. BANK.
Corner Dearborn and Madison sts.
J. T. BOTSFORD, Cashier.

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BUSINESS.

The Local Money Market Firm, with a Fair Demand for Loans—Interest Rates.

Stocks Very Weak, Led by Steels, and Closing Irregular—Many Issues Off to Established.

A Little More Life in Produce Circles and a Stronger Tone, Especially in Provisions.

Bank Statement to Contain Net Amount for Reserve—Bank Shares Trading On.

FINANCIAL.

MINING STOCKS.

REAL ESTATE.

BUILDING PERMITS.

COMMERCIAL.

BY TELEGRAPH.

JOHN BROWN'S PLANS.

A FATHER'S VENGEANCE.

STORY OF A PUDDLE.

THROWN FROM A STAGE.

VOLUME
CHICKERI
IN AMER
C. J. WHI
Only 9
CO A
J. L. HATH
WOOL
Lindsay
H. A. HUR